

National Partnership for Women & Families National Omnibus January 28-31, 2016 1.004 Total Sample, 808 Likely Voters

04 Total Sample, 606 Likely Voters				
		Total	Men	Women
	N=	808	388	<i>4</i> 20
Gender				
Men		48	100	0
Women		52	0	100
Region				
New England		5	7	2
Middle Atlantic		13	10	15
East North Central		16	18	14
West North Central		8	8	7
South Atlantic			19	22
East South Central			5	7
West South Central			10	9
Mountain			7	9 8
Pacific		15	14	15
North East		18	18	18
Midwest			26	21
South			35	38
West		-	21	23

1) How likely are you to vote in the election this November for President, Senate, Congress, and other offices -- are you almost certain to vote, will you probably vote, are the chances about 50-50, are you probably not going to vote, or are you definitely not going to vote?

Almost Certain	89	92	85
Probably		8	15
50-50	0	0	0
Probably not	0	0	0
Definitely not	0	0	0
(Don't know)	0	0	0

There's been a lot of talk recently about what working families need.

2) A proposed law would establish a national PAID family and medical leave fund that would allow workers to take up to 12 weeks of leave from their jobs with some pay when they need to care for a new baby or adopted child, have a serious illness or need to care for a seriously ill family member. Would you favor or oppose this new paid family and medical leave law? (If favor/oppose, ask: is that strongly or not so strongly?)

Strongly favor 61	51	71
Strongly favor	15	14
Not so strongly oppose	13	8
Strongly oppose11	17	5
(Don't know)	3	1
Favor	66	95
	00	0.0
Oppose	31	14

Methodology: Lake Research Partners designed this survey, which was administered by Caravan in a national omnibus survey conducted by telephone using professional interviewers. The survey reached a total of 1,004 adults nationwide in the continental United States (504 by landline, and 500 by cell phone), including 808 likely voters. The survey was conducted from January 28-31, 2016, and has a margin of error among adults of \pm 0.3.1% and among likely voters of \pm 0.3.5%, both at the 95% confidence interval. The margin of error is higher among subgroups.

Total Men Women

3) Twenty-three (23) years ago, the United States adopted the Family and Medical Leave Act, or FMLA, which allows some workers UNPAID leave from their jobs when they need to care for a new baby or adopted child, have a serious illness or need to care for a seriously ill family member. But 40 percent of the workforce isn't covered by the FMLA and millions more can't afford to take leave without pay. How important is it for elected officials to update the law to guarantee access to PAID family and medical leave – very important, somewhat important, a little important, or not important at all?

Very important	22 9 11	47 24 11 16 1	65 21 7 6 1
Important Not important		72 27	86 13

4) If an elected official supported a PAID family and medical leave law, would you be more or less likely to feel that they understand your needs and those of your family, or would it make no difference? (If more/less likely, ask: is that much or somewhat?)

Much more likely	23 21	37 23
Somewhat less likely		23
Much loca likely	3 7	2
Much less likely	44	34
No difference		
(Don't know)2	2	3
More likely 52	44	60
Less likelý7	10	4
Party Identification		
Strong Democrat31	25	35
Independent - lean Democrat	12	9
independent - lean bemocrat10	12	9
Democrat	37	44
Independent16	14	17
Republican35	39	31
Independent - lean Republican11	13	9
Strong Republican24	26	22
Other party4	5 5	3
Don't know/refused5	5	5

	Total	Men	Women
Age 18 - 24	5 6 6 8 11 10 9 7 7	12 4 8 8 6 8 12 12 9 6 5 9 1	8 6 4 8 7 9 9 9 9 8 9
Head of household Yes No Refused/nr	11	86 12 2	89 10 1
Employment status Employed full time Employed part time Self employed Retired Not currently employed Student Homemaker Refused/nr	9 10 25 7 4	48 5 12 20 7 4 1	30 12 9 30 8 3 7
Marital status Married Living as married Single Divorced Separated Widowed (Don't know).	5 22 10 2	51 5 23 11 1 5	48 4 21 9 3 13 2
Own or rent dwelling Own Rent Refused/nr	28	66 25 9	65 30 4
Size of household One	36 16 13 10	21 35 16 16 11	25 38 16 10 10

	Total	Men	Women
Education 1-11th grade	21 26 30 17	6 21 26 27 18 3	3 20 26 33 16
Children under 18 Yes No		31 69	28 72
Household income Under \$25k \$25-30k \$30-35k \$30-35k \$35-40k \$40-50k All under \$50k All over \$50k \$50-60k \$50-60k \$50-75k \$75-100k \$100-125k \$125k or more Refused/nr	6 5 4 7 36 45 6 5 13	12 4 5 3 5 29 54 7 5 15 7 19	17 7 5 9 42 37 5 6 10 5 11 21
Race White Black Hispanic Asian Other Refused/NR	13 11 2 3	65 13 12 2 5 3	70 13 10 2 2 2



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Gender	Total N= 808	Dem. 329	Indep. 126	Rep. 281
Men Women	_	44 56	42 58	53 47
Region				
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific		6 14 16 6 21 7 8 5	5 16 11 5 24 3 8 13	5 9 17 10 20 7 12 8 12
North East Midwest South West	24 37	19 21 36 23	21 16 35 29	14 27 38 20

1) How likely are you to vote in the election this November for President, Senate, Congress, and other offices -- are you almost certain to vote, will you probably vote, are the chances about 50-50, are you probably not going to vote, or are you definitely not going to vote?

Almost Certain	89	87	83	93
Probably	11	13	17	7
50-50	0	0	0	0
Probably not	•	0	0	0
Definitely not	•	0	0	0
(Don't know)	^	0	0	0

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2) A proposed law would establish a national PAID family and medical leave fund that would allow workers to take up to 12 weeks of leave from their jobs with some pay when they need to care for a new baby or adopted child, have a serious illness or need to care for a seriously ill family member. Would you favor or oppose this new paid family and medical leave law? (If favor/oppose, ask: is that strongly or not so strongly?)

Strongly favor Not so strongly favor Not so strongly oppose Strongly oppose (Don't know)	15 11 11	82 10 5 2 1	58 17 11 10 4	37 21 19 21 3
FavorOppose		92 7	75 21	57 39

Methodology: Lake Research Partners designed this survey, which was administered by Caravan in a national omnibus survey conducted by telephone using professional interviewers. The survey reached a total of 1,004 adults nationwide in the continental United States (504 by landline, and 500 by cell phone), including 808 likely voters. The survey was conducted from January 28-31, 2016, and has a margin of error among adults of \pm 0.3.1% and among likely voters of \pm 0.3.5%, both at the 95% confidence interval. The margin of error is higher among subgroups.

Total Dem. Indep. Rep.

3) Twenty-three (23) years ago, the United States adopted the Family and Medical Leave Act, or FMLA, which allows some workers UNPAID leave from their jobs when they need to care for a new baby or adopted child, have a serious illness or need to care for a seriously ill family member. But 40 percent of the workforce isn't covered by the FMLA and millions more can't afford to take leave without pay. How important is it for elected officials to update the law to guarantee access to PAID family and medical leave – very important, somewhat important, a little important, or not important at all?

Very important	22 9 11	79 16 3 2 1	59 21 9 9 2	32 29 17 21 1
Important Not important	-	94 5	80 18	61 38

4) If an elected official supported a PAID family and medical leave law, would you be more or less likely to feel that they understand your needs and those of your family, or would it make no difference? (If more/less likely, ask: is that much or somewhat?)

Much more likely30	47	24	17
Somewhat moré likely22	27	28	14
Somewhat less likely 3	0	0	6
Much less likely4	1	3	10
No difference	23	44	51
(Don't know)	2	2	2
More likely52	74	52	31
Less likelý7	1	3	16
Party Identification			
Štrong Democrat31	75	0	0
Independent - lean Democrat	25	0	0
Democrat	100	0	0
Independent16	0	100	0
Republican35	0	0	100
Independent - Iean Republican11	0	0	31
Strong Republican24	0	0	69
Other party4	0	Ō	0
Don't know/refused5	0	0	0

	Total	Dem.	Indep.	Rep.
Age				
18 - 24	10	13	5	10
25 - 29	_	7	2	
30 - 34		7	5	6 5 8
		7		0
35 - 39		=	10	0
40 - 44		8	0	8 12
45 - 49		8	5	12
50 - 54		11	13	9
55 - 59		9	11	9 8 8
60 - 64		11	8	8
65 - 69		5	12	8
70 - 74		5 7	13	7
75 & over			18	9
(Not ascertained)	1	0	0	1
Head of household	0.7	05	00	00
Yes	-	85	92	90
No		15	8	10
Refused/nr	2	0	0	0
Employment status				
Employed full time	39	42	32	40
Employed part time		10	10	6
Self employed		8	10	13
Retired		21	36	24
Not currently employed		9	8	-6
Student		6	Ŏ	
Homemaker		4	3	5
Refused/nr	_	Ö	1	4 5 2
Marital status				
Married	49	41	48	59
Living as married	-	6	2	5
Single		31	18	18
Divorced		10	10	8
	_	3	3	1
Separated		3 7	16	9
Widowed(Don't know)		1	3	1
Own or rent dwelling				
OwnOwn	66	60	69	74
Rent		34	25	21
Refused/nr		6	6	5
Size of household				
One	23	22	30	21
Two		36	42	32
Three		18	11	32 17
		15	1 1	17
Four Five or more		_	8 10	13
	-	8 1	10	-
Refused/nr	1	1	0	1

	Total	Dem.	Indep.	Rep.
Education 1-11th grade High School Graduate Some college College graduate Post-graduate school (Don't know)	21 26 30 17	5 17 24 32 21 0	5 30 19 26 17 3	4 21 31 30 14 0
Children under 18 Yes No		31 69	16 84	36 64
Household income Under \$25k \$25-30k \$30-35k \$35-40k \$40-50k All under \$50k All over \$50k \$50-60k \$50-75k \$75-100k \$100-125k \$125k or more Refused/nr	6 5 4 7 36 45 6 5 13	17 6 6 5 8 42 45 5 4 14 6 16	14 6 5 2 8 35 37 10 3 13 8 28	11 6 4 5 6 31 52 5 8 11 8 19
Race White	13 11 2 3	56 27 11 2 3 2	80 3 8 5 2	80 2 13 1 3